

UC Merced Student Affairs Winter Colloquium 2018

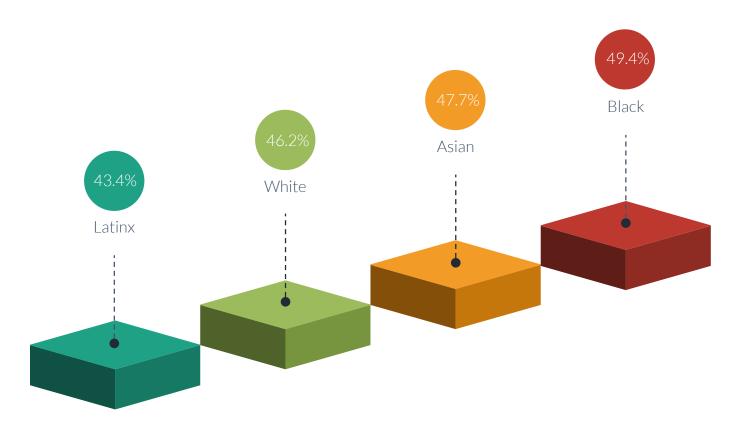
Colloquium - \kə-'lō-kwē-əm\

: a meeting at which various speakers deliver addresses on a topic usually with a different topic each meeting



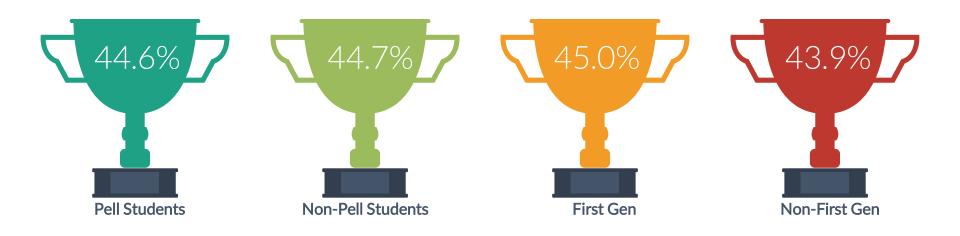
Four Year Graduation Rates

Overall Four Year Graduation Rates are at a **Record High** of 44.6%



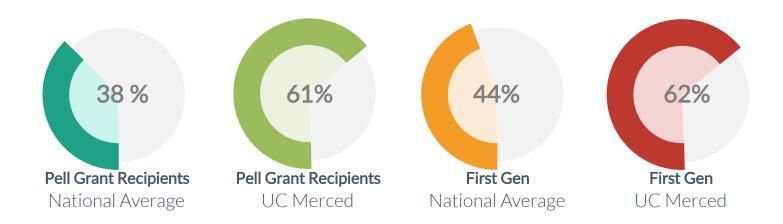
Graduation Rates are Not Only High – They're Equitable!

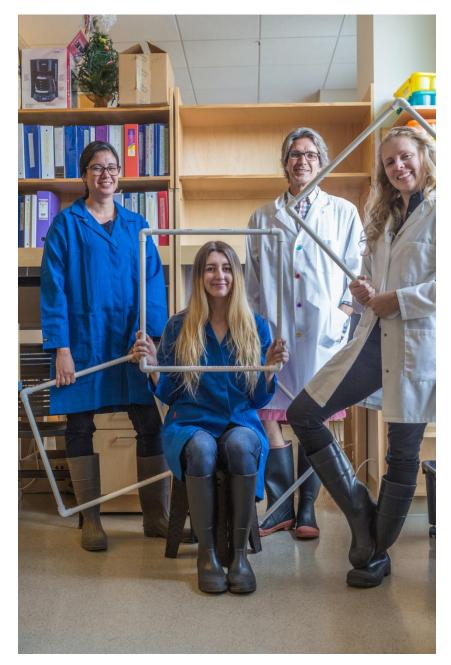
We Continue to Graduate Students Above Expected Rates and with no Completion Gap



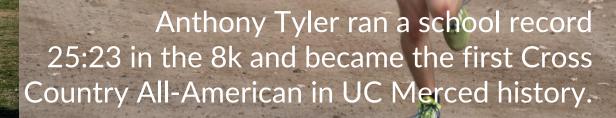
Six Year Graduation Rates

Public Four Year Institutions (NCES Data)









MATIONAL CHAMPIONSHIP

www.NAIA.org

MERCED

190



My Journey to UC Merced





Role Models



CSU Stanislaus KCSS



Livingston High School



University Ambassadors

Merced High School Gateway Scholars Class of 2017



Merced High School

52 seniors with 93% of the participating scholars being both first generation & low-income students

University of California:

- 34 Applied
- 30 Admitted
- 21 Enrolled
 - 17 at UC Merced!

California State University:

- 41 Applied
- 30 Admitted
- 18 Enrolled
- California Community College:
 - 11 Enrolled



96% (50 of 52) of Merced High Gateway Scholars participants went on to enroll in a higher education institution

Florencia Sabao-Schneider

UC Berkeley

Major: Molecular and Cell Biology

"I am so happy at UC Berkeley and have completely fallen in love with the Bay Area!"





Cory Luh

UC Merced

Major: Computer Science & Engineering

"I've learned what I don't know and where I need to improve. My first semester has been a lot about learning where to start in being great at UCM."

Mark Soza

UC Merced

Major: Management & Business Economics

"With the help of my mentors, I've learned to change my study habits and focus more on understanding the information rather than memorizing it."





Elizabeth Rios-Perez

San Jose State

Major: Jazz

"College has changed my whole perspective about opportunities that are possible for me. As the oldest in my family I want to set a good example for my siblings. It's not easy, but so worth it."

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA

An update on our Campus Expansion

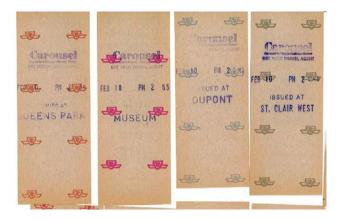
LI I I I III





Toronto, Canada

Toronto Subway System







Richard's Old House



Rancho Cucamonga





How Will Urbanization Change the San Joaquin Valley?

Forecasters predict that the San Joaquin Valley's population will grow from its current level of 3.3 million residents to 7.0 million over the next 40 years. What forms might that growth take? In Urban Development Futures in the San Joaquin Valley, Michael B. Teitz, Charles Diezel, and William Futuron use a sophisticated computer model to sketch the scale, tempo, and location of that growth under several public policy scenarios. Their results, which include a series of color maps to illustrate the spread of urbanization, will help policymakers and the public to assess the implications of that growth and to consider a range of policy response.

Envisioning the Valley's Future

The authors consider four broad scenarios for urban growth in the San Joaquin Valley.

The Accommodating Urban Development scenario assumes that the underlying urbanization patterns of the last 60 years will continue for the next four decades. Under this scenario, urban areas grow faster than the population, and prime farmland diminishes considerably. By 2040, urbanized areas show major growth in the three northern counties, around Fresno, and around Bakersfield. U.S. 99 has almost continuous urban development, and there is considerable growth along Interstate 5.

The **Prime Farmland Conservation** scenario permits urbanization to continue following the historical pattern but prohibits urbanization of 3.2 million acress of prime farmland. It projects substantial urbanization and farmland loss, with urban densities little changed. Because of the location of prime farmland, development shifts to land in other categories. The regulation of development at this scale is unlikely, but the scenario reflects the widdy felt concern for farmland preservation and illustrates its likely results.

The High-Speed Rail scenario reflects the results of a proposed high-speed rail system that would connect the Bay

Great Valley Center

Area and Sacramento to Los Angeles via the San Joaquin Valley. Under this scenario, urbanization would intensify within a 20-mile radius of the stations identified for the proposed rail network and decrease the probability of urbanization outside that radius.

The Automobile-Oriented Managed Growth scenario assumes that parts of Highway 65, a north-south highway on the eastern side of the Valley would be built; that several east-wext routes would be improved; and that the probability of new development would be greater along these transportation corridors and Interstate 5. Thus, it projects a future in which highway transportation improvements help shape urban growth. Like the High-Speed Rail scenario, it envisages high levels of urbanization and farmland loss (although in somewhat different places) and falling urban population densities.

Exploring the Policy Implications

The authors note that all four scenarios are speculative and that none is likely to provide a precise representation of the Valley's future development. However, they illustrate the different forms that growth might take, highlight the choices that the Valley will likely have to make to ensure a prosperous and livable future, and permit useful comparisons and conclusions.

One conclusion is that urban growth will be significant in the San Joaquin Valley. Three of the four scenarios forecast the urbanization of at least one million acres by 2040 in essence, a tripling of the urban land stock. Because most of that growth would occur along highways, the perception of urbanization may be even greater than its reality.

Second, the forecasts point to declining urban density in the San Joaquin Valley. This is not surprising given the nature of the Valley—a large plain of mostly private land with relatively low land prices. The urbanized parts projected by these scenarios consist of automobile-oriented, low-rise





UC Merced

Development Plan Honored for Sustainability



The UC Merced Long-Range Development Plan (LRDP) was named the Outstanding Planning Document of 2009 by the Association of Environmental Professionals (AEP), a statewide organization focusing on environmental science, regulation and policy.

The LRDP is a guide for future land use patterns and the development of facilities, residence halls, roads, bicycle paths, open space and infrastructure on the UC Merced campus. The plan features a high-density, pedestrian-friendly layout covering 815 acres and serving 25,000 students at its final build-out in 30 years.

"From day one, UC Merced has been committed to becoming a leader in sustainability both in its curriculum and in its own physical development and



UC Merced LRDP

Communities: Neighborhoods and Districts

Academic Campus		Neighborhoods		Commons	
1.	North Campus	A	Lake View	5.	Grand Ellipse
1.	Central Campus West	8.	North Neighborhood	6.	North Bowl
3.	Central Campus East	С.	Sierra View	7.	South Bowl
4.	Gateway District	D.	Valley View	8.	East Field
				9.	Main Street Pond
					and the second sec



SSM Rendering



SE1 Rendering

UC Merced Downtown Campus Center Ribbon Cutting: January 23rd







- Located at 18th and N Street across from City Hall in Downtown Merced
- Construction began in 2016
- 300 staff

INTERIOR ATRIUM

DOWNTOWN CENTER



OVERVIEW

How we got here

In May 1995, the Regents selected a 2,000 acre site in Merced County for its tenth campus. The campus' purpose was to expand the UC system's teaching, research and public service presence in the San Joaquin Valley – one of California's fastest growing and least served regions.





OVERVIEW

Where we are today

In Fall 2014, the campus enrolled 6,268 students. Ninety-seven percent of its undergraduates are Californian, more than a third are from the Central Valley and more than half are first generation students. UC Merced continues to deliver on the commitment by the State and the University of California to support this underserved region.



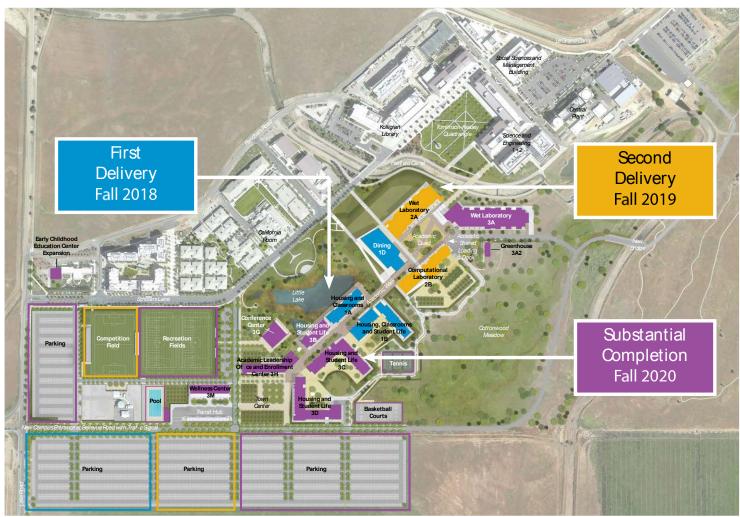


This aerial view shows the scale of construction activity since work began in October 2016



September 2017

13 buildings are under construction



Construction and design is progressing rapidly on multiple tracks







Up to 400 construction workers are on site each day

Simultaneous construction of multiple buildings and infrastructure is underway

The buildings have been wrapped in plastic so that construction can continue when it rains

The first three buildings are scheduled to open this summer Design work is also progressing for second and final deliveries



Central Dining Facility 600-seats, 37,000 GSF LEED Gold

55% of construction is complete

Housing 1A/3B Four floors, 100,000 GSF LEED Gold

53% of construction is complete

Housing 1B 6 floors, 164,000 GSF LEED Gold

65% of construction is complete

Note: As of December 2017

Recreation field and pool construction began in December





Campus Expansion Dining and Housing

Additional dining facility and 712 new beds in Fall 2018

Additional 1000 beds in Fall 2020



Housing





Dining Pavilion

Housing

Dining Pavilion opens in 7 months

600 seats Overlooks Little Lake



Main Entrance

profile with

Dining Pavilion Main Room







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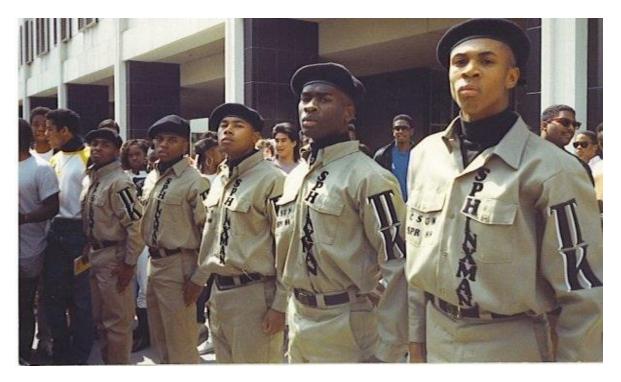
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Two additional housing buildings will open in Fall 2020

Chapter 1 - Discovery





Chapter 2 – Destiny





Chapter 3 – Calling



REALIZING AND OWNING YOUR WORTH: A PATH TO ACHIEVING YOUR OWN IDEALS



DEAN OF Students



JONATHAN R. GRADY, PH.D. JGRADY2@UCMERCED.EDU UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, MERCED

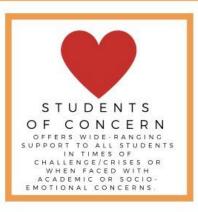
YOUR ADVOCATE. Your connector.

"Working in education I have learned over the years to never let inhospitable and toxic circumstances destroy one's soul, but to use education as a way to empower, transform, radically heal, and cultivate seeds of hope. I hope you all recognize that there is something inside you that is greater than any obstacle, greater than even you may know or comprehend. You all have the power to ensure how your story ends. Please understand that this is your life, your story, your book. Never let anyone else write your pages nor apologize for the edits you make."

The Office of the Associate Vice Chancellor and Dean of Students at the University of California, Merced is a unit under the Division of Student Affairs that holistically promotes student development and advocates for student success through intentional programs and initiatives, collaborative partnerships, and policy/procedural development that enhance campus climate and facilitates the successful navigation of campus life. Utilizing a social justice orientation rooted in community cultural wealth, criticalness, collaboration, accountability, and care, the Office of the Associate Vice Chancellor and Dean of Students is a central space for students, parents, staff, and faculty to receive assistance with navigating the complexity of student life. The Office of the Associate Vice Chancellor and values while placing students first in all endeavors.







HTTPS://STUDENTAFFAIRS.UCMERCED.EDU/DEAN-STUDENTS

My Journey to UC Merced



New General Education Program

- Effective for new (non-transfer) students in fall 2018
- General Education Implementation Team
- All the traditional elements of a campus wide GE program:
 - Freshman experience
 - Writing, math, language
 - Upper Division courses required
- Intellectual Experience Badges
- More information at ue.ucmerced.edu/ge

Intellectual Experience Badges

- a. Scientific Method
- b. Literary and Textual Analysis
- c. Media and Visual Analysis
- d. Quantitative and Numerical Analysis
- e. Societies and Cultures of the Past
- f. Diversity and Identity
- g. Global Awareness
- h. Sustainability
- i. Practical and Applied Knowledge
- j. Ethics
- k. Leadership, Community, and Engaging the World

GE Co-Curricular Intellectual Experience Badge Information Sessions

- Wednesday, January 17 from 3:00-4:00 in SSB 250
- Friday, January 26 from 2:00-3:00 in SSB 250
- Deadline to submit





How Did I Get Here?

- 1992 Graduated high school
- 1993 Dropped out of college
- 1997 Began community college
- 2005 Graduated from community college
- 2006 Began working at UC Merced
- 2006 Transferred to UC Merced as an undergraduate student
- 2009 Graduated from UC Merced (BA, Cognitive Science)
- 2009 Began Ph.d. program at UC Merced
- 2015 Received Ph.d. in Cognitive & Information Sciences
- 2015 Began teaching middle school & high school
- 2016 Became a lecturer in Cognitive Science
- 2016 Became the DARTS (Degree Attainment for Returning & Transfer Students) Program Coordinator!

I Had Help Along The Way

- Family
- Friends
- Colleagues

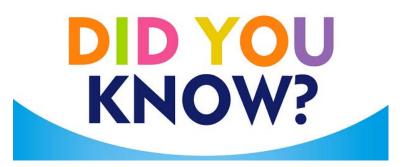


My Experience as a Transfer Student Transformed Me



- I learned how to make friends quickly & how to adjust to new cultures
- I had life experiences that matched many of my colleagues (Marriage & Family)
- I was became proficient at navigating bureaucratic systems - I attended <u>five</u> <u>schools</u> before UC Merced

Transfer Facts



- Nearly 1 in 3 UC students start at a community college
- Recent UCOP Presidential initiatives call for a streamlined flow of California Community College students to UC campuses
- To support this initiative UC campuses are required to admit 1 transfer student for every 2 native students
 - (UC Merced is currently exempt as our ratio is nearly 10:1 native to transfer students but we will not continue to be exempt)

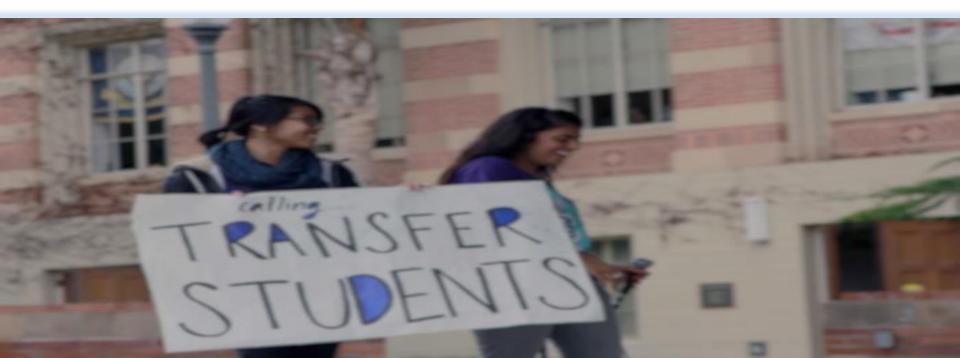
Transfer Students Often Face Roadblocks that our Native Students Do Not

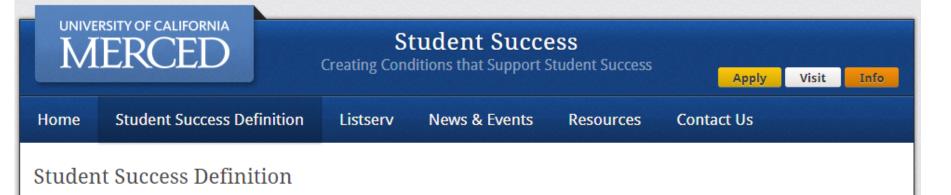
- Confusing transfer policies and agreements
- Vague knowledge on how courses are applied to degree
- Inconsistent access to information & appeals
- Lack of knowledge about comparable courses
- Undermatching (students from low-income or disadvantaged backgrounds who are academically talented but don't apply)
- Extended time to degree



Transfer Students Benefit UC Merced!

- Add to the upper classmen population (think leadership!)
- Diversifies the student experience
- Bring a built-in peer mentoring component to our student population
- Creates a strong academic core





Home > Student Success Definition

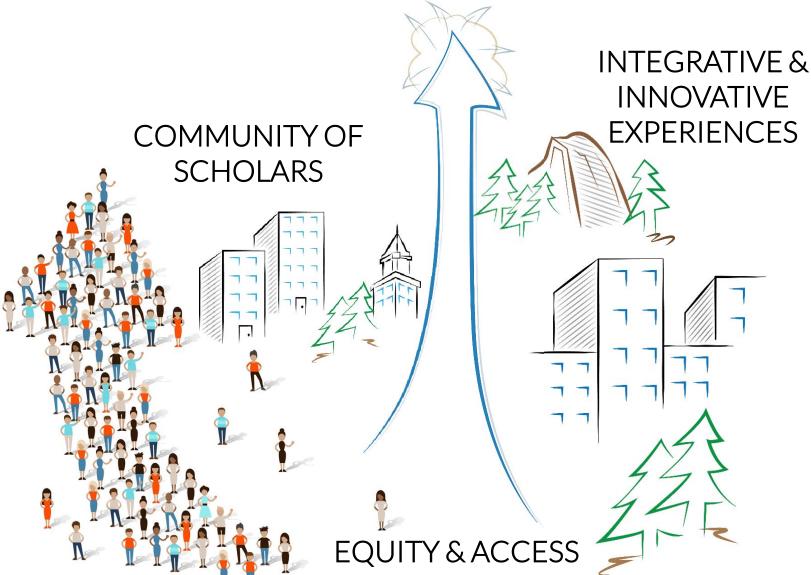
Below is our definition of student success that has been collaboratively developed. This definition unites us behind a common purpose. <u>Click here</u> for the printable version of the definition.

Student Success at UC Merced

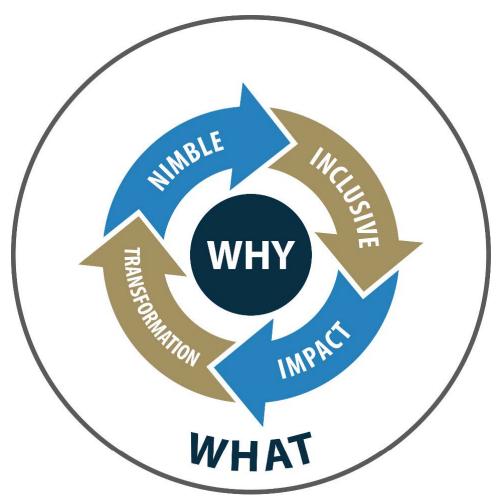
Successful students at UC Merced develop a passion and capacity for lifelong learning and for creating and sharing knowledge, consistent with our distinctive context as a public research university. We celebrate our location in California's San Joaquin Valley, which provides unique opportunities to shape our communities and enable students to become engaged citizens. We believe every student possesses a unique and valuable perspective that enriches and transforms our community.

At UC Merced, student success results from a collaboration and shared responsibility among students, faculty, staff, and administration. Because student success is at the heart of our planning and decision-making, we use robust and meaningful evidence to inform decisions about programs, policies and practices. Providing support, guidance and resources that equip students to pursue their educational journey creates the foundation for student success. Students achieve success by actively engaging in opportunities for growth in and out of the classroom. These experiences ensure that students have the tools to complete their academic, career and personal goals

STUDENT SUCCESS

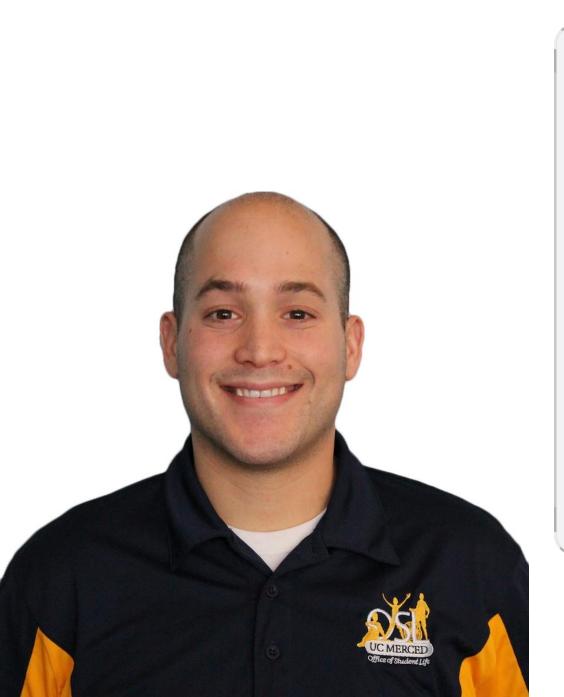


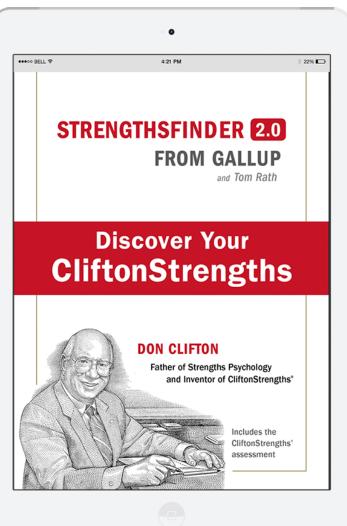
Our WHY, HOW & WHAT



"All organizations start with WHY, but only the great ones keep their WHY clear year after year."

Simon Sinek





TO USE MY TALENTS IN A WAY THAT POSITIVELY IMPACTS HIGHER EDUCATION, SO AS TO INCREASE DEEPER LEARNING AND EDUCATIONAL GOAL ACCOMPLISHMENT

Thank you for all you do to support the success of our students!